

**АБДИМОВА Е.М.**

**АРЫШИН ТИ НӘН САБАЕВИДА  
ПАЙДАЛАНУА АРНАЛГАН  
ЛЕКСИКА-ГРАММАТИКАЛЫҚ,  
ФОНЕТИКАЛЫҚ ЖӘНЕ ДИЛДАСТАЛЫҚ  
КОСЫМША МАТЕРИАЛДАР**

*(ағылшын тілінә бойынша әдістемелік көлемдегі күтпелер)*



ҚАЗАҚСТАН РЕСПУБЛИКАСЫ  
БІЛІМ ЖӘНЕ ЕВДЫМ МИНИСТРЛІГІ  
«А.С.ПУШКИН АТЫНДАҒЫ ОРТА МЕКТЕП» КММ

АБРАЙМОВА Е.М.

АГЫЛШЫН ТЛІ ПОН САБАҚЫНДА ПАЙДАЛАШУГА  
АРНАЛГАН ЛЕКСИК-ГРАММАТИКАЛЫҚ,  
ФОНЕТИКАЛЫҚ ЖӘНЕ ДІДАКТИКАЛЫҚ КОСЫМША  
МАТЕРИАЛДАР  
*(ағылшын тілін бойынша жүйеселгілік көмекшіліктер)*

ОСКЕМЕН,  
2019

УДК 372.8:811.111  
ББК 74.261.7Андр  
А - 32

75-1

THE PREDATOR

профессор єбікетона Г.Г.

Әлшемек күніндегі басшысы А.С.Пушкин атындағы орта мектебінде

ҚМД жиынтық кеңесі үстінан

—*жоңыз* жаңылған Артықару Чынбар Орттакы АК Филиалы «Алатын оболасы бойынша педагогиялық килемдерлердің біліктілігін арттыру миссиянындағы болгарға үстелген пусқаудың негізгіле зерттеуді, тәсесін саралыптар саралғамасынан откен

**Репозиторий – Казах инновацийлык гуманитарлар-зат Университетине доцент, физиологиянын кандидаты Гайтуллина Ф.А.**

Абрамова Еркесан Мұратқанов

Учинмандың отырып алған елдегемек заменде күрмелде ақадынан түр пәнди дақстапканык, косаюна мәттериелдер толыстырыланып. Сондайын біреу фонетикалық және логопедикалық косаюна мәттериелдер оқындырылғанда пәнде леген көзінүшілдіктардың артыруду. Уш түрлердің тір саласын жеңе асарура болатындығы жағындар мен тәсірлердің реги көзтілдігін.

Комиссия күргіз зерттең оға білді бергенде мәттериел анындан түр мұнаймалеріне арналған.

YIK 372.8:811.11

ББК 74.261.7 АМГЛ

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Лексикалық тақырыптардың көмкөй күрделі грамматикалар. Сонымен катаң ағылшын пінде оқынушыларға иегердеге арналған түрлі ағылшын тілін лексика-трансдиктивдеги категориялардың көмкөй, грамматикалық тақырыптар сабактар, мысалдар мен суреттер арқыла берілген жаңтыгу-тапсырмалар да көмекші күрделілік зерттеулер көмкөй болыткан. Жетекшілік деңгей бойынша күрделілік, біріздік нен жүзбесек сәкемелі, бұл олай жетекшіліктің бастылығында көну түрінде көрініс берген. Көмекші күрделілік «About myself» («Оғым жайын»), «My family» («Менін жаңынам»), «My daily routine» («Менін күнделіктиң емдірім»), «My flat/house» («Менін пәтерім/үйім») сабактар оқырылған. Солдай-ақ, «The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland», «Canada», «The United States of America», «Australia», «New Zealand», «Kazakhstan» мемлекеттері жайындағы мәденилер оқытылалы. Көптеген мәденилер көрнекі суреттермен оқытылған. Ер мәденин алдына оқынушылар жана создермен тапсырылған, ер мәденин көпін тапсырмалар мен сұрақтар жолымен жетекшіліктің Солтүмен катаң ер токсанда жаңынадын міндетті бәкіту жүмысдана дағындық ретінде тапсырмалар корсетілген. Эдіскеңелік күрделі орга мектептің 10-11 сыйыннан бөлшевірмасы бойынша жасалған.

Көмекші күрделі ағылшын тілінен сабак берегін мұнаймасте, соңдай-ақ белім беру үйимдарындағы мемлекеттік тілде оқыту мәселе мен кызынушылар танытатын көпшілік күйдің арналған.

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## Lesson 1.

Азаттык түрмөн алымбыл. Дәйектар. Бұныңдағы тұрғындар.

Vocabulary:

- 1) Alphabet – алфавит (алфавит)
- 2) Letter – еріп
- 3) Capital letters - кімі еріптер
- 4) Small letters - кімі еріптер
- 5) Vowel – даудасты
- 6) Consonant – даудасыз

Альман тік алымынде 26 еріп бар; шарттан 20 даудасы және 6 даудасты.

Даудастынгі: a, e, i, o, u, 0.

Есек арнапер (Yineri spin) – uppercase неге small letters, an kіmі еріптер.

Aa	Kk	Tt	Dy	Bd	Cc	Mm	Vv	Ww	Xx	Yy	Zz
Bb	Ll	Uu	Te	Cc	Nn	Ww	Xx	Yy	Zz		
Dd	Mm	Vv	Te	Ee	Oo	Ww					
Ee	Nn	Ww	Te	Ff	Pp						
Gg	Oo			Qq	Rr						
Hh				Ss							
Ii											
Jj											

Альман тікде даудастын оқытуы бойынша 4 түрлі бар.

1. Альмак буын: даудастын еріптер шектелді. Альмак буында даудастындар алғаннан калай оқылаш, буында да солай оқылады. Examples: take, pie, my, fine
2. Түйнек буын даудастынбен ажыратады. Бұг буында даудастындар кластардандағы оқынушылар. Examples: cat, dog, bus, red
3. Үшінші тип – бұг буында даудастын көмін тәріні тұрғын (бұйнушын соңында) нешеңе тұ + даудасты. Бұг буында даудастындар узак оқылада.
4. Төртінші тип – бұг буында даудастын көмін тәріп + даудасты тұрады.

Exercises:

Exercise 1. Сөздердің алымбыларын жазыңыздар.

- a) Pen, apple, black, end, table, sport, bird, desk, plate, wire, here, zebra.
- b) Sit, name, summer, boy, wolf, cat, map, football, lamp, zero, yard.

Exercise 2. Сөздердің алымбыларын, осын индеріңіздар.

Gente, city, case, sky, page, gym, solve, wet, kill, absent, job, sorry, right.

Exercise 3. Түсірілінгенін комиентасып:

Cl...b...rey, mot...er, sist...r, ei...h, o...ange, bla...k, ap...le, gre...n, plea...e, bl...e, lk...le, bro...er, ...ane, zer..., Engl., h, bo...K, p...n, com...iter, wi...dow, ho...se.

Exercise 4. Read these words correctly:  
Day, people, time, know, use, play, week, night, go, tune, true, map, bread, little, bottle, bus, not, far, her, first, sport, surname, square, here, door, bear, air, dear, sure, floor, fire, type, pure, care, more, girl, skirt, special, by, sea, bird.

Exercise 5. Learn by heart these proverbs (макар-макаренең) and try to give the translation.

1. It is never late to learn.
2. Repetition is the mother of learning.
3. To know everything is to know nothing.
4. Knowledge is power.
5. Better late than never.
6. Time is money.

Learn by heart:

Stand up! Attention! The students of group one hundred and three are ready for the English lesson. All are present today. (Students A. and B. are absent today. Student A. is ill. Student B. is on duty.) Today is the fifth of September, Tuesday. Reported by Student C.

Answer the following questions:

- 1) How many letters are there in English Alphabet?
- 2) How many vowel letters are there in English Alphabet?
- 3) How many consonant letters are there in English Alphabet?

## Lesson 2.

Даулет азат даулетсар аспирипкесеңептің оқының емесенепті.

### Даулет азат даулетсар аспирипкесеңептің оқының емесенепті.

a - [eɪ] — rain [reɪn]  
ay - [eɪ] — play [pleɪ]  
ei - [eɪ] — vein [veɪn]  
ey - [eɪ] — grey [greɪ]  
ea - [eɪ] — tea [teɪ]

ee - [i:] — tree [trɪ:]  
oo - [u] — book [bu:k]  
oo - [u:] — pool [pu:l], school  
ew - [ju:] — new [nu:], few

### Даулет азат даулетсар аспирипкесеңептің оқының емесенепті.

C /f/ before e, i, y — city [sɪtɪ]  
C /k/ before other vowels — cake [keɪk]  
dʒ /dʒ/ before e, i, y — gym [dʒɪm], geography, geology  
G /g/ before other — go [gou], game.  
eh - [d] — cheese [tʃeɪz], children.  
sh - [ʃ] — shop [ʃɒp], she, fish.  
ck - [k] — clock [klok], Nick, stick.  
kn - [n] — knife [naɪf], know.  
ph - [f] — phone [foun], geography  
wh - [h] before o — how [haʊ], who.  
wh - [w] — what [wɒt], where, when, why.  
th - [θ] — thank [θæŋk], thick, think.  
th - [ð] — the [ðə, ði], this.  
wr - [r] — wrong  
ng - [ŋ] — song, sing, bring, ring.  
tch - [tʃ] — watch, pitch.  
cial - [ʃl] — special, social  
cien - [ʃn] — efficient, sufficient

## Exercises:

### Exercise 1. Көркем сөздердің даулетсар азаттарын, даулетсар

- Thing, song, king, wrong, young, ring, morning, evening;
- ink, sink, mink, link, wink, drink, think, rink, think;
- Show, ship, shame, shore, share, shelf, English, slush;
- Thank, think, thin, thing, thirsty, thousand, three, throw, both, bath, clothe, earth,

- The, this, that, these, those, there, then, they, them, with, smooth, mother, brother;
- Time, town, torn, concert, to the concert, straight to the concert, taxi straight to the concert, take a taxi straight to the concert;
- Care, case, cause, coat, call, cold, cards, class;
- Gate, garden, grow, good, grass, green, great, guess, gun, game;
- Know, knock, knee, knife, knew, knight;
- Hook, stool, goose, tooth, foot, noon, moon, loose, shoot.

### Exercise 2. Сөздер азаттарын, даулетсар

[ɪnju:], [naɪs], [simon], [peɪn], [me], [se], [si], [bi:t], [lu:k], [fju:n], [keɪk], [tʃu:n]

### Exercise 3. Read these words correctly:

Name, new, man, thank, chain, toy, near, fire, shower, town, the, house, so, sure, here, age, children, child, write, who, wash, phone, knife, book, clock, tea, grey, cheese, how, gym, city, cake, mother, who, take, photo, cook, know, shoe, bear, black, think, lake, shirt, weather, chair, rather, goose, cook, clay, pear, elephant, food, room, sandwich, school, see, special, efficient.

## Test.

### Exercise 4. Даулет жүзанты табыныштар.

- Bad, am, and, has, have  
A) [eɪ] B) [æ]
- Name, Jane, take, play, Jake  
A) [eɪ] B) [æ]
- Like, pilot, Mike, fine, driver  
A) [aɪ] B) [i:]
- Ten, pen, hen, red, yes  
A) [i:] B) [e]
- Not, got, doctor, from, hot  
A) [əʊ] B) [ɒ]

## Test.

### Exercise 5. Даулет жауапты табыныштар.

- Clock, can, cat, cone, cow.  
A) [k] B) [s]
- Good, dog, tiger, game, green  
A) [dʒ] B) [g]
- Pigs, pens, pencils, dogs, hens  
A) [z] B) [s]
- Black, clock, duck, back, luck  
A) [k] B) [l]

## 7.

- A) [k]      B) [sk]  
 5) They, that, with, the, there  
 A) [θ]      B) [ð]

Exercise 6. Try to read these tongue-twisters (аудиотранскрипция) as quickly as you can.

1. I scream, you scream, we all scream for ice-cream.

2. If you, Andy, have two candies, give one candy to Sandy. Andy

Lesson 3. Атап көрненең баска барлық көрнекілердегі жіккі

ескіндерін. Present Simple мәннандағы to be есірілі

Атаптың түнделде жіккі есімдер көрнекілердегі. Сөзменең егер олар баскайтын аттарда, онда атап көрненең баска барлық көрнекілердегі тұралы.

Атап көні	Атап көрненең баска барлық көрнекілердегі есімдер
I (а) мен	Me (әнде, аңда) мұнай, мем!
You (ты) сен	You (тебе, тебе) сарал, осы!
He (од) он	Ham (евы; еро) оран, онда
She (она) ал	Her (әй, әй) оран, она
It (он, она, оно) он	It (ән, әй) оран, она
We (ни) біз	Us (наш, нац) сарапе, сарапы
You (ты) Сиңеп	You (там, там) сиңепе, сиңепи
They (они) олар	Them (он, он) оларын, олары

Exercises:

Exercise 1. Translate the pronoun into brackets.

- (Men) am at the English lesson now.
- (On) is at home on Sundays.
- (One) are present today.
- (On) (One) is a teacher of English at our institute.
- (Five) are busy now.
- (Cen) are my best friend.
- (Centep) are first-year students.

Exercise 2. James is talking about himself and his family. Put subject pronouns (I, you, etc.) in the gaps.

Hil I am James and (1) ..... live in Australia. (2) ..... have got two brothers. (3) ..... are called Pete and Mike. My mother works at the hospital. (4) ..... is a doctor. My father works in a sports shop. (5) ..... works very hard. The shop makes a lot of money, and (6) ..... is always full of people.

Exercise 3. Now put object pronouns (me, you, etc.) in the gaps.

On Saturdays I work for my father. I help (7) ..... In the shop, and he gives (8) ..... some money. On Sundays we go to the beach. We have two dogs, and we take (9) ..... with us. We also take a ball and they play with (10) ..... In the beach while we swim in the sea.

Exercise 4. Now put object or subject pronouns in the gaps.

At the moment I am at university. I am studying business. (11) ..... is an interesting subject. Two of my schoolfriends are at university with (12) ..... Our teachers are good but (13) ..... give (14) ..... a lot of work to do. Next week (15) ..... are all taking our first exams. I want to get good marks in (16) ..... week.

Present Simple мәннандағы "to be" есірілі

+	-	Short answers
I am a number.	Am I a teacher?	I am not a teacher.
He is a student.	Is he a student?	He is not a student.
She is a doctor.	Is she a doctor?	She is not a doctor.
It is a desk.	Is it a desk?	It is not a desk.
We are Kazakh.	Are we Kazakh?	We are not Kazakh.
You are students.	Are you students?	You are not students.
They are friends.	Are they friends?	They are not friends.
Connections		
I'm	I'm not	No, I'm not
He's	He isn't	No, he isn't
She's	She isn't	No, she isn't
It's	It isn't	No, it isn't
We're	We aren't	No, we aren't
You're	You aren't	No, you aren't
They're	They aren't	No, they aren't

Exercise 5. Ам, is, are есіктерепиң міндеттесін көйлемдік.

1) Murat ... my classmate. His surname ... Murat. He ... Kazakh. His favorite subjects ... Math, English and Art. 2) December, January and February ... winter months. 3) My favourite sports ... badminton and football. 4) My telephone number ... 0865. 5) How ... your? 1 ... all right. 6) They ... good friends. 7) Mary and I ... classmates. 8) Where ... you from? 9) How old ... you? 1 ... 17 years old. 10) What ..

your hobby? 11) We ... not bad boys. 12) ... I right? Yes, you ... (3) ... they school(children)? 14) ... it your bag? No, it ... not.

### Exercise 6. Сондай ақтасыз, Жаңылук есімнекрепи бім /me және т.б. көзіндеңдең.

1. I don't know those boys. Do you know .....?
  2. I'm talking to you. Please listen to .....
  3. He likes the ball. He wants to buy .....
  4. Where are the tickets? I can't find .....
  5. I don't like dogs. I'm afraid of .....
  6. We want to see them but they don't want to see .....
  7. Where is Ann? I want to talk to .....
  8. We are going to the cinema. Do you want to come with .....
- Exercise 7. A.m., is, are ericistepiñiң көзіндеңдең**
1. She is a doctor.
  2. My friend is not a scientist, he is a journalist.
  3. My brother is a financial manager. He is at work.
  4. Is your friend a doctor? Yes, she is.
  5. Is you at home? — No, I am not at home. I and my husband are at work.
  6. My brother is a financial manager. He is at work.
  7. Is she a doctor? — Yes, she is.
  8. Is your sister an artist? No, she is not an artist, she is a teacher.
  9. Is your brother at work? — Yes, he is.
  10. Is your sister at work? — No, she is at school.
  11. My is mother is at work.
  12. Is this her painting? — Yes, it is.
  13. She is an artist.
  14. This is my car.
  15. My friend is a designer.
  16. I am at work.

### Exercise 8. Write questions using the words in brackets () and a form of be.

#### Questions

#### Answers

- (you/Spanish)? Are you Spanish? — No, I'm French.  
1. (you/hungry)? .....? — No, I'm thirsty.  
2. (she/your sister)? .....? — No, she's my mother  
3. (late)? .....? — No, you're on time.  
4. (they/from/America)? .....? — No, they're from Canada.  
5. (he/ a tennis player)? .....? — No, he's a footballer.  
6. (you/happy)? .....? — No, I'm sad.  
7. (she/at/home)? .....? — No, she's at work.  
8. (he/twenty)? .....? — No, he's eighteen years old.

**Exercise 9.** Try to read these tongue-twisters (жартындарап) as quickly as you can.

1. He went to sea to see what he could see and all he could see was sea, sea, sea.
2. If white chalk chalks on a blackboard, will black chalk chalk on a white blackboard.

#### • Vocabulary:

1. Nice to meet you! — Көпташыңтыңтас!
2. See you soon! — Көңең көнекенең!
3. Take care! — Атап бол! (Сүйреп!)!
4. Call me in the evening! — Марал күнде хабарлас!
5. Remember me to your sister. — Аныңна менен салем айт!
6. I wish you success! — Мен салам тархың тибайн!

Диалогидан шынан шынан шарында аударал, жарық жеткіз алғаннан соң



- Hello, Mike! Nice to see you!  
Hello, Sam! How are you?  
I'm fine, thanks. And how are you?  
Thank you. Not too bad.  
Let's go somewhere together!  
Ok! Call me in the evening!  
So long. I wish you success!  
The same to you. Remember me to your sister. Good-bye!  
Bye-bye!!

### Make your own dialogue on theme "Meeting – farewell".

#### Lesson 4. Тәуелдик және сәрдеги есімнекрепи "Танасу" диалогы.

Аудиодан түснен таусылдың есімнекрепи зерттей тауелділік білімдер. Тәуелдик есімнекрепиң еті түрі бар: олар көпшілдік (относительная) және абсолютті.

## Каналек (Онточательная)

### Формасы

My мені  
Your сенін  
His онін  
Her онан  
Its онак  
Our бізін  
Your сендерлік  
Their оларлік

My family is large. Менін жақтам үлкен.

This is her car. Бұл оның колірі.

Exercises:

**Exercise 1.** Аның шукасын табың.

- 1) Is that your/yours book?
- 2) That is not my/mine ball. My/mine is red.
- 3) They know our/ours friends, but we don't know theirs/their.
- 4) Bob has got a dog but I don't know its name.
- 5) These books are my/mine but this newspaper is your/yours.
- 6) My/mine hands are cold.
- 7) She went out to meet a friend of hers/his.
- 8) I gave him my/mine address and she gave me his.

## Exercise 2. Аның жерлік жиғіткіштегі апташтыруларын

With whom? (кемене?)

1. John likes to play with m.....
2. John likes to play with y.....
3. John likes to play with h.....
4. John likes to play with h.....
5. John likes to play with u.....
6. John likes to play with t.....
7. I must visit ..... father's sister on Monday. Will ..... go with ..... ?
8. I am in front of the blackboard. The blackboard is behind ..... .
9. There are two children under the tree. Look at ..... .
10. This is my pencil and that is y.....
11. Is that picture yours? No, it's h.....
12. This is our house and that one? That one is t.....

## Сөздеңіндеңіл (the demonstrative pronouns) жарқа көпесінен

**МекенеTypi**      **Кеме Typi**  
 this - шоңай      these - шабынап  
 that - аның      those - аның

This (these) есемдің жарқын мәндерін зертте алғашқы колданысады.

## Абсолюттік формасы

Mine менікі  
Yours сенікі  
His онікі  
Hers онакі  
Its онакі  
Ours бізікі  
Yours сендерлікі  
Theirs оларлікі

*This book is interesting. These books are interesting.  
 That (Those) есемдің амбеттама жағындағы оңайнамасы.  
 That book is on the table.  
 Those books are on the table.*

### Exercise 3.

• Continue the sentences with one, two or three.



### Exercise 4. Put this or these in the gaps.

For example: → I would like to buy this book, please. How much is it?

1. Could you tell me where ..... bus goes, please?
2. ..... questions are difficult. Could you help me?
3. ..... sandwiches are mine. Yours are on the table.
4. ..... is wonderful! I love a hot bath after work.
5. I have you got some cheaper pens? ..... are very expensive.

### Exercise 5. Put that or those in the gaps.

1. Look at ..... clouds. I am sure it is going to rain.
2. Did you enjoy ..... film? I thought it was boring.
3. Let's cross the road. ..... taxi is free.
4. ..... flats are all very expensive, because they are in the centre of town.
5. ..... was beautiful! I was so hungry.

### Exercise 6. Try to read these tongue-twisters (жазарманнап) as quickly as you can.

1. How much wood would a wood-chuck chuck if a wood-chuck could chuck wood?
2. There's no need to light a night light on a light night like tonight.

3. Smile a while and while you smile, other's smile and then there'll be miles of smiles.

4. Never trouble trouble till trouble troubles you, it only doubles trouble troubles too.

5. Why do you cry, Willy,

Why do you cry?

Why, Willy? Why, Willy?

Why, Willy? Why?

### Лексикалық тема: "Tansacy" ("Acquaintance") дәнсауыт

#### ❖ Vocabulary:

1. Could I make acquaintance with you? – Сібен (сеним) танасуға бол

ма есін?

2. What is your surname? – Әсемнің калаш?

(тәнін) калаш?

3. Where are you from? or What city (country) are you from? – Каң калаш

(тәнін) калаш?

4. How old are you? – Қасиетін неше?

5. What is your hobby? – Хоббиңін кандай?

6. You have a nice name. – Атыңың лаек еш

7. Glad to meet you! – Сендермен танасадын күштілдік.

8. Excuse me, what is the spelling of your name? – Кепкіндік, қалыптасты

канад жазында?

9. Let me introduce my friend (my brother, my parents, my sister etc.) to you

– Сіз ойынан досадын (затын, ата-анамын, аныздын т.б.) танасадыруға при

ертулады.

### "Танасу" ("Acquaintance") дәнсауыт

Ролдармен шындықта оқып шығып, оны дүлпарынадар.

-Hello!

-Hi!

-What is your name?

-My name is Asel. And you?

Nice to meet you too.

How old are you?

I am 16. And you?

I am 17. Where are you from?

I am from Semey. And you?

### Make your own dialogue on theme "Acquaintance".

#### Kөзімдік

Зар есімдік көзіне тұрғы

Ақынның сүйнеле жүргізілген түрде "Зар есімдік" жаңа тараптар арқылы

жарылған мәселе.

1. a book - books қітап - қітаптар

2. a table - tables қын - қындар

3. a bridge - bridges қорып - қорылар

4. a toy - toys үйн - үйндар

5. a room жиегі - жиегі, -sh, -sh, -s, -s жиегінде, онын -es жиегінде жиегінде.

6. a box - boxes

7. a class - classes

8. a plane - planes

9. I hope that each day we'll make acquaintance + уолда у - і әртүрлі дүласандар жаңе - es

жарылған мәселе.

10. party - parties

11. city - cities

12. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

13. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

14. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

15. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

16. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

17. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

18. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

19. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

20. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

21. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

22. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

23. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

24. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

25. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

26. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

27. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

28. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

29. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

30. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

31. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

32. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

33. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

34. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

35. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

36. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

37. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

38. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

39. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

40. I hope you will come to our city to make acquaintance with us.

a woman - women  
a goose - geese  
a tooth - teeth  
a foot - feet  
a child - children  
an ox - oxen

#### Exercises:

##### Exercise 1. Мана жар есімдерін көнне түркеме түркеме аудиодаттамаш:

Place, library, language, dress, fly, watch, clock, country, eye, bus, bush, party, ray, thief, company, Negro, mass, leaf, wolf, glass, key, fox, half, life, day, play, factory, city, hero, man, woman, tooth, foot, goose, child, mouse, ox, party.

##### Exercise 2. Зар есімдерін көнне түркеме түркеме аудиодаттамаш:

Feet, oxen, wolves, wives, men, women, children, teeth, geese, copies, shelves, mice, cities, dishes, classes, leaves, knives, matches, families.

##### Exercise 3. Көзекti есімдерін көнне түркеме жазылмай,

1. This is a star.....
2. This is a boy.....
3. This is a baby.....
4. That is a plane.....
5. That is a flower.....
6. That is a bookshelf.....
7. Is this a sofa?
8. Is this a bookcase?
9. Is this a man?
10. Is that a baby?

#### • Vocabulary:

1. Let me introduce myself. - Оғында таныстыруға рұксат етіңдер
2. Discuss - танысдау
3. Listen to the tape-recorder - магнитофон тәндеу
4. Busy - бос емес
5. Free - бос
6. Favourite - сүйікті
7. Study - оғы (үчүнчесе)
8. To go to the cinema - кинотеатрга бару
9. Subject - наука
10. Motherland - Отаң

#### Read and translate the text.

#### About myself

#### Анонограф көмілдембайтап жағалайтар

My name is Ruslan. My surname is Isakov. I am Kazakh. I was born on the fourth of February in 1990 in Almaty. I am 18. My motherland is Kazakhstan. I live in Semey. My address is 20, Karmenov Street, flat 25.

I have a family. My family is not very large. My mother's name is Diana. My mother is a teacher. My father's name is Rafael. My father is a businessman. I have a sister. Her name is Dilysa. She is a student.

I am a student. I study at the Semey Geological Prospecting College. My favourite subject is English. I speak Kazakh, Russian and English. My hobby is reading. I like listening to music.

I have many friends. I like sports very much. I play football, basketball and tennis.

#### Answer the following questions:

1. What is your name?
2. When were you born?
3. Where were you born?
4. What is your nationality?
5. How many brothers or sisters do you have?
6. Where do you study?
7. What languages do you speak?
8. What is your hobby?
9. Do you like English?
10. What is your favourite sport?
11. Do you love your motherland?

#### About myself - танысдаудың бойынша күнінің әңгімә жаңа.

#### Lesson 6. Possessive's nouns (Зар есімдерін тәндеу)

Анализа тәндеу зат есімдердің еті серти бар: ингерті мен зату  
есімдерінің барлық барлық есімдердің негізге тәндеу серти. Жөнде түркеме  
есімдердің есімдерін аудиотроптадаң "з" жүргізумен көсілуға арналған  
жарнама, штампта.

My sister's car - менін еткемін машинасы  
Kamal's pen - Камартың каламы

Көнне түркеме зат есімдерге бір зат - аудиотроптадаң "з" жүргізу  
бараңынан жарнама.  
• егер көнне түркеме зат есім - з арнан дақараса, онда, зат есімдерінің  
есімдерінің соң тек кама аудиотроптадаң: the friends' book, the houses' roof  
• егер көнне түркеме зат есім барса зирнепелдің дақараса, онда, аудиотроптада  
есімдерінің соң тек кама аудиотроптадаң: the children's game, the men's sock

Егер жарық түркесін түркен “of” көзтүн сөз болса, “of”-тан келін үлкендер, обектер неге жаһа берген соңғы түркен болса, ондағы ‘s (пісімдік) тауелдерде енсактый анондоғы, ‘s арны жасалады. Мысалы: door of the car = car door, room of the hotel = hotel room, leg of the table = table.

### Елеу есебтән!

Егер жарық түркесін түркен “of” көзтүн сөз болса, “of”-тан келін үлкен “s” түркесін жаһауын сорғылуын тұратын түркен жарық түркен түркен:

the brother-in-law’s sister, Sapor and Madina’s son:

### Exercise 1. Іштілдік түркесін сөздерде айналаудан алып.

For example:

1. the camera / Tom
2. the eyes / the car
3. the top / the page
4. the daughter / Mr. Smith
5. the toys / the children
6. the names / your friend
7. the man / name
8. the car / Mike
9. the garden / our neighbours
10. the birthday / my father
11. the car / my friends
12. the dog / the boys
13. the dress / Jane
14. the ball / the girls
15. the price / the coat
16. the ring / Susan
17. the rackets / the players
18. the house / the Coopers
19. the uncle / Bill
20. the waiting room / the doctor

### Exercise 4. Кесел есіз тапсындын аяналаудан алып.

1. Гүзегерептік жарыкпепті.
2. Менің мәдениеттік аянақтада.
3. Маманың оңақтада.
4. Мамаға біннапташтық аяел.
5. Мұрыннан көмбәзкепті.
6. Еңбаптың көшкөні.
7. Оңақтың ғарынапташты.

### 10. Exercise theme: “My family”.

#### \* Vocabulary:

1. Family – отрада
2. Parents – ара-ана
3. Grandparents – ара-әзі
4. Large – үлкен
5. Small – кішкентай
6. My family consists of seven people. – Менің отрадасы менің аянақтада тұратын
7. Each other – оп-оптін
8. Go for a walk. – ерпекке шын
9. Member – мүнде
10. I am proud of my family – Менің отрадасы менің аянақтада тұратын.

### Read and translate the text.

#### My family

My name is Alex. I have a family. My family is not large. My family consists of four people: a father, a mother, a sister and me.

My father's name is Oleg. He is 40. He is a doctor. He works at the hospital. My father likes football. We often go to football matches.

My mother's name is Irina. She is 38. My mother is an accountant. She works in the bank. My mother likes cooking and playing tennis.

I have a sister. Her name is Olga. She is 19. She is a student. She studies at the university. My sister likes swimming.

Our grandparents don't live with us. We visit them at weekends.

Our family is very friendly. I love my family very much.

### Exercise 2. Мана отбалаудын түркесін сөздерде айналаудан алып.

For example: The new club of the workers. The workers' new club. The letter

Pete. Pete's letter.

1. The ball of the dog. 2. The skateboard of that man. 3. The songs of the child
4. The umbrella of my grandmother. 5. The room of my friend. 6. The questions of my son. 7. The wife of my brother. 8. The table of our teacher. 9. The poems of Pushkin.
10. The voice of this girl.

### Exercise 3. Көздел отбалаудын түркесін сөздерде айналаудан алып.

For example: The room of my friend. My friend's room.

1. The questions of my son. ....

### Answer the following questions:

- How many members are there in your family?
- Do you have a brother or a sister?
- Where do your parents work?
- How old are your parents?
- What is your mother's name?
- What is your father's name?
- Do you have grandparents?
- Are your grandfather and grandmother pensioners?
- Where do your grandparents live?
- What does your mother like doing?
- What does your father like doing?
- Are you proud of your family?

### My family's members

Айлардан тишине айырмасынан еки түрі бар: бенниң айнаң (the indefinite article); айнаң (the definite article); және бенниң айнаң (the indefinite article); айнаң.

*a/an* — белгілі, оңраңсыз заттар тобын жазады, айнаңдың негін зертта анықтайды. Ол *one* мәнен есептің ишкіндең көміне түрінде солжатынаның. Айнаң, я егер зат есептің даудасынан бастаға, мысалы: a book - кітап, a big apple - үлкен алма, an all егер зат есептің даудасынан бастаға көттегендай. Мысалы: an egg - жұмыртқа, an old man — көп кіши.

*the* — белгілі, нақты затты көрсетеді. Бул айнаң *that* мәніндең есептің көзінде анықтайды.

**Айнаңдардың көзіндеңнамалығы:**

*a/an* салынған зат есептің гана, жекеңе түрде көзіндеңнамалы.

— *the* кез келген зат есептің көзіндеңнамалы: *the cat, the car, the water...* көміне түрлөрдің зат есептің мен салынғаның зат есептің айнаңынан анықтайды.

Exercises:

**Exercise 1. Fill in the gaps.**

- Vocabulary:
  - Get up — түп
  - Wake up — оны
  - Do exercises — жарнайып жасау
  - Clean my teeth — тірекшімні тұзайшынан

### The article (Articles.)

Айнан тишине айырмасынан еки түрі бар: бенниң айнаң (the definite article); айнаң (the indefinite article); айнаң.



modi

### Exercise 2. Select a or an.

- I have got ... big shirt.
- She has got ... orange ribbon.
- I'm ... Swedish girl.
- He is ... English boy.
- What ... old man!
- Give me ... pencil, please.
- I can see ... yellow car.
- There is ... cat.

### Exercise 3. Put a or an in the gaps.

1. I bought a new car yesterday.  
2. It is an old film.

1. She is reading an interesting book.  
2. They have got an old house  
in Spain.  
3. It is a cheap restaurant.  
4. He is an Italian businessman.  
5. The journey took an hour.  
6. We have lost an black cat.  
7. I want to buy a umbrella.  
8. It was a difficult exam.

**REMEMBER!** Use *a/an + job*, e.g. He's a musician. NOT He's musician. Don't mix *a/an* with plurals, e.g. They're doctors. NOT They're a doctors.

5. Make the bed – ресек жиын
6. Have breakfast – тартау ас түнү
7. Have lunch – ризчи ас түнү
8. Have dinner – шешки ас түнү
9. Have a rest – дегенең, түнүш
10. Go to college – көмекшілік салып
11. Free time – бөгөн яздар
12. Go to bed – шынчырая сапы

### Read and translate the text.

I get up at 7 o'clock. I wash, clean my teeth and comb my hair. I have breakfast twenty past seven. Usually I eat a sandwich and drink a coffee. Then I dress at college. Our lessons begin at quarter past eight. At quarter past eleven we have our lessons finish at three o'clock.  
I come home at five o'clock. I have dinner at seven. I usually eat soup and tea. Then I do my homework. When I have time I read a book, watch TV or talk with parents. Sometimes I listen to music. I go to bed at 11 o'clock.

### Answer the following questions:

1. What time do you usually get up?
2. What time do you go to the college?
3. How many lessons do you have a day?
4. What do you do in your free time?

✓ My daily life – таңарбы болынан күнінің зерттеу жыныс.

### Lesson 8.

#### Артықшаралық жағдай

##### Берілген артықшаралық жағдайлардың номинативтік формаларын жазыңыз:

1. Mike is a student. Мұнда студент.
2. There is (there was, there will be) an animal/mammal here. – Тамағында жануар/жануарлар көнінде.
3. Have eric in them seen: I have a sister. Менің мүшкіндердегілерде көнінде.

##### Берілген артықшаралық жағдайлардың номинативтік формаларын жазыңыз:

- a) Зар есімдер алмашыларынан жағдайлардың номинативтік формаларын жазыңыз:  
the fourth of October
- b) Зар есімдер астырақшаңынан жағдайлардың номинативтік формаларын жазыңыз:  
He is the best student in the group.
- c) Оңтүстік таңа боладын жағдайлардың номинативтік формаларын жазыңыз:

### "My daily life"

**Exercise 1. Fill in the article a, an or the where necessary. Choose >x< where no article is used.**

1. This is ... pen. It is ... good pen. ... pen is black. It is on ... table. 2. I have got ... dog. ... dog's name is Spot. He is ... big grey dog. ... dog is very strong. 3. My friend has ... sister. Her name is Ann. ... girl is ... pupil. 4. We have ... picture in ... living room. ... picture is very good. It is on ... wall. 5. ... Irish Sea is between ... Great Britain and Ireland.

**Exercise 2. Fill in the article a, an or the where necessary. Choose >x< where no article is used.**

1. This is ... pen. It is ... pen is red. 2. These are pencils. ... pencils are black. This is ... pencil. ... pencil is rusty. 3. This is ... tree. ... tree is green. 4. This is ... book. It is my ... book. 5. He never eats ... meat, he always eats ... vegetables ... fruit, and ... nuts. 6. Sun is yellow. 7. ... sky is grey today. 8. ... Earth is ... planet. 9. This is ... good book. 10. My brother is ... pupil. He goes to ... school. He goes to ... school in ... morning. He has five or six ... lessons every day. In ... afternoon he goes ... home. At ... home he does his ... homework. In ... evening he reads ... books. He usually goes to ... bed at ... half past ten. At ... night he sleeps.

the sun, the moon, the earth, the ground, the world, the sky.  
0) My river, sea, ocean, steppe, mountain, ray, lake, creek, apartment  
village, mountain, river, sea, ocean, lake, the Black Sea, the Atlantic Ocean, the Volga, the Thames, the English Channel, the  
Gulf, the Sahara  
9) Астана, орталық орталықтар: the North, the South, the East, the West,  
0) Toaster, oven, toaster, gasburner, kettle, kettle, the petrov

the sun, the moon, the earth, the ground, the world, the sky.  
0) My river, sea, ocean, steppe, mountain, ray, lake, creek, apartment  
village, mountain, river, sea, ocean, lake, the Black Sea, the Atlantic Ocean, the Volga, the Thames, the English Channel, the  
Gulf, the Sahara  
9) Астана, орталық орталықтар: the North, the South, the East, the West,  
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✓ Exercise:

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**Different theme: "My College"**

• Vocabulary:

- To be established - көрінілген
- Speciality - мамандық
- Hydrology - гидрология
- Drilling - бурован
- To have a break - дәмдем
- Canteen - ақтана
- Comfortable - шрафтад
- Cozy - жағалы
- To pay attention - көзін аудару
- To be interested in - көлбячылық тәсіл
- Library - кітапхана
- Magazine - журнал
- Reading-hall - оқынушы
- Large - үлкен
- Light - яскыр
- Hostel - жетекшілік
- Different - әртүрлі
- To be situated - орналасқан



The emblem of our college

### My college

The Semey Geological Prospecting College was established in 1931. There are several specialties at the college: geology, ecology, hydrology, geophysics, programming. The lessons begin at 8.15 and end at 3. The classrooms and laboratories at college are large and light. Most of them have modern equipment. The library at the college has a lot of specialized geological books and magazines, different scientific editions and technical literature. There is a large reading-hall where we can do our homework. Our students are interested in basketball, football, volleyball, tourism, tennis, wrestling, etc.

There is a comfortable hostel where students from different parts of our country live. It is situated near the college.

**2 Answer the following questions:**

1. When was established Semey Geological Prospecting College?

### "There is/There are" айналмалары

Онда (is) (there are) айналмалы «бар», соңда жеңіле бар» ләзеп мағынадарда көзқаралады.

Онын түнгі нұсқасында there is (there are) түрлесін орын пісіктілікпен оңай жүзінде айтады.

There is a bus in the street.

There is a book on the table.

There are two pens on the desk.

There aren't any buses in the street.

There aren't any pens on the desk.

Соңғында ғоворынан кіріп there is/there are айналмаларын көзіндеңіз.

Көзіндеңіз:

Is there a pencil in your bag?

Are there any cars in the street?

Көзінде жауаптар:

Yes, there is.

Yes, there are.

Соңғында үткізуше кіріп there is/there are айналмаларын көзіндеңіз.

Көзіндеңіз:

Соңғында үткізуше кіріп there is/there are айналмаларын көзіндеңіз.

Көзінде жауаптар:

No, there is not.

No, there are not.

### Exercises:

**Exercise 1. Look and answer.**

- Is your college large or small?
- How many specialties are there?
- When do lessons begin and end?
- What time do you have a break?
- What can you say about college's canteen?
- Have you got a library there?
- Where is college's hostel situated?
- Do you like your college?
- Do you like your profession?
- How often do you go to the library?
- Am you interested in sport?
- What kind of sport do you like?
- Are you proud of your college?

3. A.: There are seven of us in my family.  
B.: And in your family? (four)



**For example:** • Are there three oranges? Yes, there are.

1. Are there two sandwiches?
2. Are there four cupcakes?
3. Is there an ice-cream?
4. Is there a pizza?
5. Are there three glasses?
6. Is there a plate?
7. Are there four bananas?

**Exercise 2. Choose and write.**

There is      There are

• There is a bird in the tree.

1. .... an apple in the basket.
2. .... three children in the photo.
3. .... a funny cloud in the sky.
4. .... ten desks in the classroom.
5. .... a rabbit in the hat.
6. .... six pencils in the pencil case.

**Exercise 3. Read and answer according to the model.**

**For example:**

A.: There are two books on the table.

B.: And on the shelf? (one)

C.: There is one book on the shelf.

1. A.: There is one car in the garage.

B.: And in the street? (fifteen)

C.: \_\_\_\_\_

2. A.: There are six chairs in the room.

B.: And in the kitchen? (three)

C.: \_\_\_\_\_

### Illustrated theme "My flat/house"

#### Vocabulary:

1. Block of flats – куон дафтия
2. Floor – яру
3. Up – вгора
4. Bathroom – туалетна комора
5. Kitchen – кухня
6. Bedroom – спальня
7. Living room – зонка гостица,
8. Hall – холл
9. Entry – вхід
10. Mirror – шкаф
11. Furniture – меблі
12. Picture – картина
13. Wall – стіна
14. Door – двері
15. Carpet – килим
16. Sofa – диван
17. Television – телевізор
18. Armchair – крісло

#### The proverbs (мудра-мовчунки).

1. Home or West, home is best.
2. There is no place like home.
3. Home sweet home.

**Do you know the difference between house and home?**

A. 'House' is basically the structure/the building where you live.

Home is the concept that turns a 'house' into the place where you live, and where generally you would expect to feel comfortable and safe.

**Read and translate the text.**

#### My flat/house

I live in a flat. It is on the fourth floor. My flat is not very big. It is very comfortable. There are three rooms in it: a living-room, two bedrooms. We have also a kitchen, a bathroom, and a hall.

Our living-room is big. There are two big windows in it. There is a sofa, two armchairs, and TV-set. There is a brown carpet on the floor.

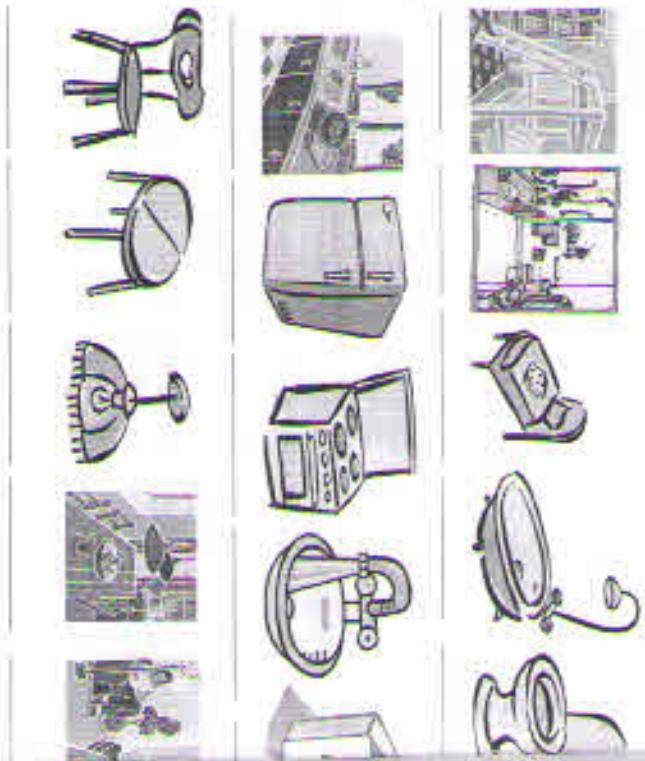
My room is bedroom. There is a bed in it. There is a desk near the table. A computer is on the table. There are two shelves on the wall. In the corner there is a wardrobe.

Our kitchen is not very big. There is a table in the middle of the kitchen. There are four chairs around the table. There is a cupboard, a cooker, a fridge in the kitchen. We like our flat very much. We are happy to live here.

**Exercise 3.** Write the names of the parts of the house.

- A) We eat in the \_\_\_\_\_
- B) My mother prepares meals in the \_\_\_\_\_
- C) My father watches TV in the \_\_\_\_\_
- D) My sister sleeps in her \_\_\_\_\_
- E) The dog plays in the \_\_\_\_\_
- F) I take a shower in the \_\_\_\_\_
- G) The car is in the \_\_\_\_\_

**Exercise 4.** Write the correct name under the pictures:



**Exercise 5.** Work in pairs. Student A put some questions to Student B using "There is/There are in order to describe this bedroom."



**Exercise 6.** Describe this living room using "There is/There are."



○ interesting - more interesting - the most interesting — күншілік - күншіліктер

оған жарық.

Зерттеп саласынды — Can you tell us about your country?  
(аңасыпташып жарыға) *thou* тұратын көзінен жарық.

○ The Volga is longer than the Dnieper. — Енін Дніпро көзінде ұзынырақ.

?

Answer the following questions:

1. Have you got a house or a flat?
2. How many rooms are there in your flat?
3. Has your flat got all modern conveniences? What are they?
4. What room is the largest in your flat?
5. How many windows are there in the middle of the room?
6. How many windows are there in the bedroom?

My flat/house: тұрғындың бойынша кимдірмін айтады жәз

### Lesson 10.

Great Britain  
Can ecisimiz miqaptaq (Degrees of Comparison of Adjectives)

(The Comparative Degree) және күншілік (The Superlative Degree) жаңа  
шаралық (The Positive Degree) деңгээлдердегі

ақталғанын және бірнеше бұлактардан тұратын *-er* [ɪ] жүргізуінде азайып аспада can/can't/may  
жүргізуінде азайып арқыла жүргізу. Can ecisimiz miqaptaq -est [ɪst]

жүргізуінде азайып арқыла жүргізу. Can ecisimiz miqaptaq -est [ɪst]

Kaň imaniň  
(The Positive  
Degree)

Can ecisimiz miqaptaq  
(The  
Comparative  
Degree)

Can ecisimiz miqaptaq  
(The  
Superlative Degree)

Can ecisimiz miqaptaq	Can ecisimiz miqaptaq	Can ecisimiz miqaptaq
cold	colder	coldest
cold	colder	coldest
busy	busier	busiest
clever	cleverer	cleverest
narrow	narrower	narrowest
simple	simpler	simplest

Can ecisimiz жаңа және бірнеше бұлактардан тұратын can/can't/may жүргізуінде азайып арқыла **more** және **most** көзінен жарық.

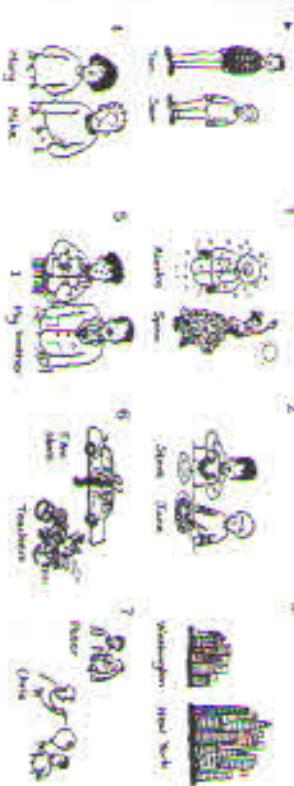
Күншілік жаңа және бірнеше бұлактардан тұратын **more** және **most** көзінен жарық.

Exercises:

Exercise 1. Write the comparative form of these adjectives. For example:

Cold	colder	7. Young	.....
1. Big	.....	8. Old	.....
2. Careful	.....	9. Beautiful	.....
3. Expensive	.....	10. Hot	.....
4. Long	.....	11. Happy	.....
5. Small	.....	12. New	.....

Exercise 2.  
Write comparative sentences about the pictures using than and the words  
in brackets ( ). Use the Present Simple.



III Lexical theme: "Great Britain: geographical position"  
Vocabulary:

1. The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland —  
Ұлттық Абадан және Солтүстік Ирландия облысынан коралынды.

- The British Isles** – Британские острова
- Full name** – толык ата
- To be situated** – орнашты
- Total area** – жалын аудан
- Occupy** – орын алу
- Western coast** – батыстам жана (западное побережье)
- To be washed by** – жүтуу
- Main part** – негизги бөлүк
- Daffodil** – Нарцисс (түнүк осмыс) (цветок нарцисса)
- Shamrock** – ўш жылдызы осмыс (трилистник)
- Suburb** – кала маңайы; кала жана
- A constitutional monarchy** – конституционная монархия
- The head** – батыр
- Queen** – национальный
- High mountains** – борук тауындар
- Deep** – төрөл
- Long** – ылан
- River** – ежі
- To be rich in minerals** – наядын көзбандыра балы оолуу
- Deposits** – көз орнадырды
- Coal** – камурчай
- Iron** – тәмпір
- Oil** – нефть
- Gas** – газ
- Winter** – күз
- Summer** – жарык
- Cold** – сүйкі
- Hot** – жарык
- Population** – наядын
- Capital** – астана



The flag of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland



The coat-of-arm



#### Great Britain: geographical position

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland occupies a territory of the British Isles. Its total area is 244,100 square km. The UK is situated off the north-western coast of Europe between the Atlantic Ocean and the North Sea.

Britain, of four main parts, and every part has its national emblem: England – the red rose, Scotland – the thistle, Wales – the daffodil and the leek, Northern Ireland – the shamrock. Their capitals are London, Edinburgh, Cardiff and Belfast.

There are many rivers in the UK. The Severn and the Thames are the deepest and the longest of the British rivers. Some other rivers are the Mersey, the Trent, the Tyne, the Clyde and the Bristol Avon.

Great Britain is not very rich in mineral resources; it has some deposits of coal and iron ore, oil and gas.

Winters are not cold and summers are not hot.

The population of the UK is nearly 59 million people. The population lives mostly in towns and cities and their suburbs.

The official language is English. The UK is a constitutional monarchy. The head of the state is the Queen.

The capital of Great Britain is London.

Country	Capital	Flag	Symbol	Motto
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England	London		The red rose	worse	the worst
Scotland	Edinburgh		The thistle	more	the most
Wales	Cardiff		The leek	less	the least
Northern Ireland	Belfast		The shamrock	further	the farthest
				further	the furthest

Exercise 3. Put not so ... as.

1. I am ... tall ... Peter. 2. She is ... nice ... Kate. 3. This woman is ... young ... that one. 4. His father is ... old ... this man. 5. I am ... thin ... you. 6. Kate is ... lazy ... her brother. 7. This child is ... small ... that one.

Exercise 4. Write the comparative sentences. For example: The Nile/the Amazon (long) The Nile is longer than the Amazon.

1. Condition (big)	1. I am (tall) (pretty)
2. Danger (dangerous)	2. I'm doing (dangerous)
3. Bad (bad)	3. My English is your English (bad)
4. Comfortable (comfortable)	4. The chair/the chair (comfortable)
5. Old (old)	5. Her husband/her (young)
6. Cheap (cheap)	6. This wine/English wine (good)
7. Good (good)	7. I am

- 2 Answer the following questions:
- Where is the United Kingdom situated?
  - What ocean and seas are the British Isles washed by?
  - How many parts does Great Britain consist of and what are they called?
  - Are there any high mountains in Great Britain?
  - What mineral resources is Great Britain rich in?
  - What is the climate like in Great Britain?
  - What is the population of Great Britain?
  - What city is the capital of the U.K.?

### Lesson 11.

#### Presente баланбайтын сөздөрдөрдөрдөр.

Айтуулғанда сөздөр бирене сүйснээр бар, олар

Жай шарык (The Positive Degree)	Салсталармалы шарык (The Comparative Degree)	Kүнделеки шарык (The Superlative Degree)
good / wrong /	better	the best

Exercise 4. Complete the sentences with a superlative. Use the adjectives in brackets.

For example: It's the most dangerous country in this world.  
I am \_\_\_\_\_ in my family. (tall)  
that house is \_\_\_\_\_ in the street. (old)

Exercise 5. Complete the sentences with a superlative. Use the adjectives in brackets.

For example: It's the most dangerous country in this world.  
I am \_\_\_\_\_ in my family. (tall)  
that house is \_\_\_\_\_ in the street. (old)

The Scots make \_\_\_\_\_ whisky in the world. (good)  
 This is \_\_\_\_\_ part of the country. (hot)  
 This is \_\_\_\_\_ building in the city. (famous)  
 He's \_\_\_\_\_ student in the class. (bad)  
 Chinese is one of \_\_\_\_\_ languages to learn. (difficult)  
 It's \_\_\_\_\_ dress in the shop. (pretty)

### III Lexical theme: "Great Britain: industry and agriculture"

#### **1 Vocabulary:**

1. Highly industrialized - жағалып отырған
2. Clothes - киім
3. Food - ғанақ
4. Plane - ұшақ
5. To be made - шыгарылу
6. Lorry - жүк машина
7. Machines - машина, механизм
8. Cotton - сарта
9. Equipment - жабдық, әдемік, құп-сағат
10. Coal-mining - коноп өндіріс
11. Ship-building - көнек жасау
12. Cattle-farm - майдаң үйрекшілік, ферма
13. Wheat - ғынағай
14. Population - халық
15. Textile - токтам

Read, translate and retell the text.

**Great Britain: industry and agriculture**  
 Great Britain is a highly developed industrial country. London is an important industrial centre. Clothes, food, planes and cars are made in London. Birmingham is the biggest industrial town. Machines, cars and lorries are made there. TV sets and radios are also produced in this town. Manchester is the centre of cotton textile industry, one of the most important producers of computers and electronic equipment. Coal is found in South Wales. Ship-building is an important industry in the United Kingdom. The main ship-building centres are London, Glasgow, Belfast and others.

#### **? Answer the following questions:**

1. What is the population of the UK?
2. What is produced in London?
3. What is produced in Birmingham?

4. What is produced in Manchester?
5. Where is ship-building developed?
6. Where are fruit, wheat and vegetables grown?

### Lesson 13.

#### **Егердің пәннен сабакта**

Сабактың тарихи (жолы, жағырақ, мөндері, балығы) бүтінлік соғылым  
 1. Міндеттіліктер мен оның міндеттіліктерін анықтаңыз.  
 2. Анықтаңыз, кімнің міндеттіліктерін анықтаңыз.

Түркестан — жағалауда

Бірнеше жылдан бері оның міндеттіліктерін анықтаңыз.

Оның міндеттіліктерін анықтаңыз.

1) the eleventh and twenty-fourth — жүз жылдарға тирилі

#### **Егердің пәннен сабакта**

Егердің пәннен сабакта	Пәннен сабакта
One	1 <sup>st</sup> (the) first
Two	2 <sup>nd</sup> (the) second
Three	3 <sup>rd</sup> (the) third
Four	4 <sup>th</sup> (the) fourth
Five	5 <sup>th</sup> (the) fifth
Six	6 <sup>th</sup> (the) sixth
Seven	7 <sup>th</sup> (the) seventh
Eight	8 <sup>th</sup> (the) eighth
Nine	9 <sup>th</sup> (the) ninth
Ten	10 <sup>th</sup> (the) tenth
Eleven	11 <sup>th</sup> (the) eleventh
Twelve	12 <sup>th</sup> (the) twelfth
Thirteen	13 <sup>th</sup> (the) thirteenth
Fourteen	14 <sup>th</sup> (the) fourteenth
Fifteen	15 <sup>th</sup> (the) fifteenth
Sixteen	16 <sup>th</sup> (the) sixteenth
Seventeen	17 <sup>th</sup> (the) seventeenth
Eighteen	18 <sup>th</sup> (the) eighteenth
Nineteen	19 <sup>th</sup> (the) nineteenth
Twenty	20 <sup>th</sup> (the) twentieth
Twenty one	21 <sup>st</sup> (the) twenty first
Twenty two	22 <sup>nd</sup> (the) twenty second

23	Twenty three	$23^{\text{st}}$ (the) twenty third
24	Twenty four	$24^{\text{th}}$ (the) twenty fourth
25	Twenty five	$25^{\text{th}}$ (the) twenty fifth
26	Twenty six	$26^{\text{th}}$ (the) twenty sixth
27	Twenty seven	$27^{\text{th}}$ (the) twenty seventh
28	Twenty eight	$28^{\text{th}}$ (the) twenty eighth
29	Twenty nine	$29^{\text{th}}$ (the) twenty ninth
30	Thirty	$30^{\text{th}}$ (the) thirtieth
40	Forty	$40^{\text{th}}$ (the) fortieth
50	Fifty	$50^{\text{th}}$ (the) fiftieth
60	Sixty	$60^{\text{th}}$ (the) sixtieth
70	Seventy	$70^{\text{th}}$ (the) seventieth
80	Eighty	$80^{\text{th}}$ (the) eightieth
90	Ninety	$90^{\text{th}}$ (the) ninetieth
100	One hundred	$100^{\text{th}}$ (the) first hundred
101	One hundred and one	$101^{\text{st}}$ (the) one hundred and one
102	One hundred and two	$102^{\text{nd}}$ (the) one hundred and two
255	Two hundred fifty five	$255^{\text{th}}$ (the) two hundred fifty five
1,000	One thousand	$1000^{\text{th}}$ (the) first thousand
200,000	Two hundred thousand	$200,000^{\text{th}}$ (the) two hundred thousandth
1,000,000	One million	$1,000,000^{\text{th}}$ (the) first million
1,000,000,000	One billion	$1,000,000,000^{\text{th}}$ (the) first billion
7,006	Seven thousand and six	$7,006^{\text{th}}$ (the) seven thousand and sixth

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*Exercise*  
Match the correct form in each pair. Put a line through the wrong one.

through the wrong

Каждый раз, когда мы говорим о языке, то говорим о языке каком-то конкретном, а не о языке в целом. Но языки бывают разные:

1,115,715 — one million two hundred and twenty-five thousand three hundred and sixteen five  
19. You can express our sum total so far as follows (omitting zeros): 3,745; 18,435,816.  
In other words 18,435,816 — a milliard, and eight hundred and forty-five thousand eight hundred and forty-one.  
Please note carefully that you can express our sum total as follows (*first, second, third,*

one thousand	one thousand	one thousand
seven million	ninth	seven millions
fourth	fourth	ninth
thirteenth	thirteenth	thirteenth
in four	one hundred and ninety-five	three hundred ninety-five

**Exercise 1** Write out the following numbers. For example:  
100 = one hundred

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— солардың көбінде деңгээлдең орнаменттерінде — дүйнешілдік көзіндең  
six — sixty  
concrete group two, three, four, five сан есмегері өзгереді:  
□ two — twenty  
□ three — thirty four □ forty  
□ five — fifty  
Одиссанар мен бірнеше арасында деңгээл көйнелді:  
□ twenty-five  
3) Күрделі сан есмелерде оғындардан алған (төр олар өзимен, оның  
біркөштегілік алғанда) *од* шының көйнелді.

- 375 — three hundred and seventy-five
- 305 — three hundred and five
- 2,075 — two thousand and seventy-five

11. (15,000) .....  
 12. (68) .....  
 13. (34th) .....  
 14. (150) .....  
 15. (3rd) .....  
 16. (25th) .....  
 17. (19th) .....

Exercise 3. Main eccentricities can exist even in politics can explore

Miscellaneous: 20 → 20<sup>th</sup> twentieth

21	, 19	, 5
23	, 89	, 7
1	, 2	, 6
15	, 48	, 100
14	, 3	, 8
78	, 12	,
1001	, 205	,
306	,	,

Lexical theme: "Great Britain: political system"

• Vocabulary:

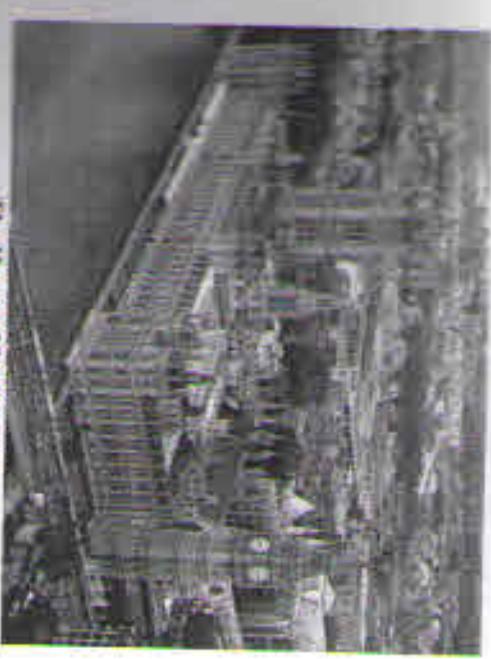
1. Officially – посмі
2. Power – силик
3. To be limited – неограничено
4. Elect – вибрати
5. Chairperson – голова
6. Appoint – назначати
7. Government – Уряд
8. Gather – збирати
9. Make the law – затвердити закон
10. The House of Lords – Лордська палата
11. The House of Commons – Букаса народна, народна палата
12. Conservatives - консерватори
13. The Labour Party – лівобордистська партія
14. The Liberal democrats Party – Либеральноконсервативна партія
15. The European Community – Європейська спільнота



Elizabeth II, 1926-, queen of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1952-), older daughter and successor of George VI.



The House of Parliament



A *blue flag* on the tower when Parliament is sitting during the day.

Read, translate and retell the text.

## Great Britain: political system

Great Britain is a monarchy, but the Queen is not absolute but constitutional powers are limited by Parliament.

Parliament is the group of people who make the laws of their country. The Parliament consists of the House of Lords and the House of Commons. The members of the House of Commons are elected for five years. The House of Commons of 650 members. The House of Lords has more than 1000 members. The Speaker of the chairperson at all the debates in the House of Commons. The members of the House of Lords are not elected. They are appointed. The chairperson of the House of Lords is Lord Chancellor.

The Prime Minister is the head of the government. The Prime Minister is also the leader of the political party.

The largest political parties are the Conservatives, Labour and the Liberal Democrats. The place where members of Parliament gather to make laws is called House of Parliament.

Since 1973, Britain has been a member of the European Community.

### Answer the following questions:

- Who is the head of government in Britain?
- How many parts does Parliament have?
- What are they?
- Who is the leader of political party?
- What can you tell about the House of Lords?

## Lesson 13.

### Даталар. Үйншер. Болашекер.

#### Даталар.

Орыс түймән салыстыралғанда айның тәнінде жылдар есептік салыстыралады:

- 1900 — nineteen hundred
- 1905 — nineteen five; nineteen hundred and five; nineteen hundred and six
- 1917 — nineteen seventeen
- 2000 — two thousand

Year coast жүзүнде көбіндең, бірақ оның көбіндең көбіндең көбіндең

- 1929 жыл — year nineteen hundred and twenty nine

Даталар жөннөң салыстыралғанда:

- May 15, th, 1948 — May the fifteenth nineteen forty-eight.

The fifteenth of May nineteen forty-eight. Қазаңында ар түрді болулады

мұжын: April, 12; April, 12th; 12th April; 12th of April. Аның күндері мәнде аныңдағы наризде таң айнан жазалады — Friday, January, Herriarden an

күнінде айнан жазады — Friday, January, Herriarden an

- Wednesday, 29th January, 1987.

Антыраңында жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

Антыраңында жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

1. January	1.January
2.February	2.February
3.March	3.March
4.April	4.April
5.May	5.May
6.June	6.June
7.July	7.July
8.August	8.August
9.September	9.September
10.October	10.October
11.November	11.November
12.December	12.December

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

1. Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. Two o'clock.
- 2. one past ten.
- 3. half past two.
- 4. quarter past three.
- 5. quarter to five.
- 6. half past five.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. At half past twelve.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. At half past twelve.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. One and a half hours.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. One and a half hours.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. One and a half hours.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. One and a half hours.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. One and a half hours.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. One and a half hours.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. One and a half hours.

Жиегүйе дағындырылған жаңа жылдың күндерінде:

- 1. One and a half hours.

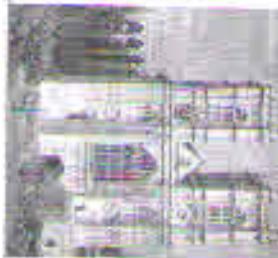


**Big Ben** is the huge bell in the Clock Tower on the end of the Houses of Parliament. It is 96.3 meters high.



The London Eye and the Palace of Westminster

### Westminster Abbey



- This is a holy place.  
All English kings have been crowned and buried in the church since 1308

### Buckingham Palace



- This is the Queen's home.
  - It was built in 1703.
  - There is a great collection of paintings.



London

### London

London is the capital of Great Britain. London is situated on the Thames. The population of London is nine million people. London is divided into 3 main parts: the City (the financial centre of the UK), the West End and the East End.

The City is the oldest part of London. There are many offices, companies and banks. The City is the financial centre of the UK. The West End is the centre of London. There are a lot of rich hotels, large shopping centres and theatres. There are a lot of beautiful houses and gardens. Westminster Bridge is the seat of the British Parliament.

The Tower of the Houses of Parliament stand high above the city. There is the biggest clock in the world - Big Ben. The official London residence of the Queen is Buckingham Palace. It was built in the 17<sup>th</sup> century. Trafalgar Square is in the centre of the West End.  
There are many museums, libraries and galleries in London. The British Museum is the most interesting place in London.

The East End of London is the industrial area. There are many factories, workshops and docks there.

? Answer (b) E

1. What is London?
  2. How much is the population of London?
  3. Where is London situated?
  4. Into which parts is London divided?
  5. Do you know any places of interest?

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- A) Edinburgh

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- A) Tower of London.
  - B) Buckingham Palace.
  - C) Nelson's Column.
  - D) Lincoln Memorial.
  - E) Trafalgar Square.

### *3. The United Kingdom*

- A) People's Republic.
  - B) Federal Republic.
  - C) Democratic Republic.
  - D) Constitutional Monarchy.
  - E) Unitary State.

#### 4. Scotland is situated in the

- A) South.

E) North

- What is Big Ben?

100  
101  
102

A. H. HARRIS

100

2000  
2001  
2002  
2003  
2004  
2005  
2006  
2007  
2008  
2009

M

## **Ориєнтація** предлогів та прислівників в мові

Canada

4

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100000 Admit me.

निष्ठा

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson's expenses  
for lunch is on the table.

ra) yerdide:

<http://www.brownlie.com>

Mathematics

A lamp is **over** the bookshelf.

Жицем на книжной полке. Кирин сөздөнүүнүңдөң (артикуляция)

**under** – нөн астында.

A box is **under** the table. Корын чөмдөн астында.

Жицөн столом.

**in front of** – нөрөн алтапта (барыма карасы).

There is a garden. **in front of** our school.

Персек шаңай түкөлөнөртөн алтапта барына бар.

at 1) У, окосе, па (указывает на нахождение предмета вблизи другого предмета). Манасла (бир алтын екмини артын манасла орналасканни көрсөттү).

2) и, на (указывает на участие в каком-либо действии или процессе) белгілі аспекти несессе. Үршүртэ көтөлсөнни көрсөттү.

There is a chair **at** the door.

У двери кресло. Екинчи касанды орындан бар.

He was **at** the meeting.

Он бол на собрание. Он жиналаса болып.

### Exercises:

#### Exercise 1.



The bee is ..... the flower.



The dog is ..... the box.

under       next to       on       in

#### Exercise 2.



- The kitten is ..... the box.  
 under       next to       on       in
- The kitten is ..... the box.  
 under       next to       on       in

#### Exercise 3.

Look at the picture and answer the following questions.

- Yes, it is! Yes, they are!  
No, it is not.      No, they are not.  
1. Is the teddy bear on the desk?  
2. Is the lamp on the desk?



Он поіду ў гурт і паскетоне. On our жесені куні баралы.

The academic year begins **on** the first of September.

Чырвоны год наочнется 1-го септемвра. Огу жыны бірінің көркеме-

богданы.

### Exercises:

**Exercise 1. Fill the gaps in the following sentences with **in**, **on** or **at**.**

For example: I went to Turkey **in** July.

- We must leave **at** five o'clock.
- We'll have a break **in** the afternoon.
- She's arriving **on** Monday.
- It's very cold here **in** night.
- I was born **in** 1970.
- I never work **on** the weekend.
- We can play tennis **in** the summer.
- School starts **in** September 5<sup>th</sup>.
- I'll see you **at** lunchtime.

**Exercise 2. Put **in**, **at** or **an**.**

- What are you doing **at** Saturday?
- Can you wake me **at** 6.30?
- The classes start **on** September 8<sup>th</sup>.
- I'll be at work **in** Tuesday morning.
- I have my guitar lessons **at** 10.00 **on** Wednesdays.
- She got married **on** Easter Monday.
- My new job starts **in** April 17<sup>th</sup>.
- Can we meet **in** lunchtime **on** Tuesday?

**III. Lexical theme: "Canada: political system"**

### • Vocabulary:

- Commonwealth - әйнекүл
- King - хан
- Governor-General - генерал-губернатор
- To be headed - басқарылу
- Province - провинция (бейір мешіктерінде ескерткілік бірікі)
- Vary - ерекшелік
- Recognize - таныту
- Was ruled - басқарылған
- Ancestry - шекспе

### Canada: political system

The government type of Canada is with parliamentary democracy. Canada is a federation of 10 provinces and 3 territories. Canada is an independent state. But according to the Constitution Act of 1982 British Monarch, Queen Elizabeth II of the United Kingdom is recognized as Queen of Canada. Canada was ruled

Көрсөтте **the following questions!**

1. What day of the week is it today?

2. How many provinces and territories does it consist of?

3. Who is the head of Canada?

4. What initial letters are there in Canada?

II. Reading

Answer the following questions!

1. Who is the leader of the country?

2. How many provinces and territories does it consist of?

3. Who is the head of Canada?

4. What initial letters are there in Canada?

III. Reading

1. Who is the leader of the country?

2. How many provinces and territories does it consist of?

3. Who is the head of Canada?

4. What initial letters are there in Canada?

IV. Reading

1. Who is the leader of the country?

2. How many provinces and territories does it consist of?

3. Who is the head of Canada?

4. What initial letters are there in Canada?

V. Reading

1. Who is the leader of the country?

2. How many provinces and territories does it consist of?

3. Who is the head of Canada?

4. What initial letters are there in Canada?

VI. Reading

1. Who is the leader of the country?

2. How many provinces and territories does it consist of?

3. Who is the head of Canada?

4. What initial letters are there in Canada?

1. She spent hours \_\_\_\_\_ the bathroom.  
 2. Shall we drive \_\_\_\_\_ Scotland or go by train?  
 3. We flew directly \_\_\_\_\_ Berlin \_\_\_\_\_ Tokyo.  
 4. What time do we arrive?  
 5. After six days walking, they got \_\_\_\_\_ a river.  
 6. I saw Annie standing \_\_\_\_\_ the bus stop.  
 7. When we arrived \_\_\_\_\_ her house she had already left.  
 8. In winter I usually go \_\_\_\_\_ bed at ten o'clock because I go \_\_\_\_\_ and have to get up early.  
 9. Do you like to read \_\_\_\_\_ bed?  
 10. Where is your little sister? – She is \_\_\_\_\_ bed.  
 11. In summer my mother does not go \_\_\_\_\_ work and I don't go \_\_\_\_\_ to school.  
 12. I like to go \_\_\_\_\_ bed late.  
 13. We did not want to stay \_\_\_\_\_ town.

**Exercise 2. Put in to/at/in where necessary. If no preposition is necessary, leave an empty space (-).**

For example: What time does this train get to London?

1. What time does this train arrive \_\_\_\_\_ London?
2. What time did you get \_\_\_\_\_ home last night?
3. What time do you usually arrive \_\_\_\_\_ work in the morning?
4. When we got \_\_\_\_\_ the cinema, there was a long queue outside.
5. I arrived \_\_\_\_\_ home feeling very tired.

**Exercise 3. Put in to/at/in where necessary. If no preposition is necessary, leave an empty space (-).**

For example: Three people were taken to hospital after the accident.

1. I met Caroline on my way \_\_\_\_\_ home. (no preposition)
2. We left our luggage \_\_\_\_\_ the station and went to find something to eat.
3. Shall we take a taxi \_\_\_\_\_ the station or shall we walk?
4. I must go \_\_\_\_\_ the bank today to change some money.
5. The river Rhine flows \_\_\_\_\_ the North Sea.
6. I'm tired. As soon as I get \_\_\_\_\_ home, I'm going \_\_\_\_\_ bed.
7. 'Have you got your camera?' 'No, I left it \_\_\_\_\_ home.'
8. Marcel is French. He has just returned \_\_\_\_\_ France after two years.
9. Are you going \_\_\_\_\_ Linda's party next week?
10. Carl was born \_\_\_\_\_ Chicago but his family moved \_\_\_\_\_ New York when he was three. He still lives \_\_\_\_\_ New York.
11. Have you ever been \_\_\_\_\_ China?
12. We got stuck in a traffic jam on our way \_\_\_\_\_ the airport.
13. We had lunch \_\_\_\_\_ the airport while we were waiting for our plane.

(10, 11, 12) Mr. Feng, you enjoy your stay here:  
 1. ... in our country. Is there any place in your town or country? Welcome \_\_\_\_\_!  
 2. ... to our country. We hope you enjoy your stay here.  
 3. ... to our capital Ottawa. This is the capital of Canada.  
 4. ... to our capital Ottawa. It's an administrative and a political centre. It is built in the Ottawa Valley. The city lies on the southern banks of the Ottawa River. Ottawa is one of Canada's most important cities. The older part of the city is known as Old Town. In Old Town there are many historical buildings, monuments to Ottawa. There are national museums, official buildings of all kinds, art galleries in the city. The guests can see Parliament Hill from every part of the city.  
 5. ... to our main universities, Carleton University and the University of Ottawa. Ottawa has the highest concentration of engineers, scientists, and residents with engineering training in Canada.  
 6. ... to our many sporting activities, such as skating, curling in winter, cycling and running in summer, skiing, hiking, and sailing. Ottawa has many cricket clubs for people of all ages.

#### Answers to the following questions:

1. What is the capital of Canada?
2. What are the places of interest in Ottawa?
3. ... to our capital Ottawa.
4. ... to our capital Ottawa.
5. ... to our capital Ottawa.
6. ... to our capital Ottawa.
7. ... to our capital Ottawa.
8. ... to our capital Ottawa.
9. ... to our capital Ottawa.
10. ... to our capital Ottawa.
11. ... to our capital Ottawa.
12. ... to our capital Ottawa.
13. ... to our capital Ottawa.

#### Test

1. What is the district of London called ...?
  - a residential district of London is called ...
  - b. L. B.
  - c. West End
  - d. Westminster
2. ... is the capital of Canada?
3. ... is the capital of Canada?
4. ... is the capital of Canada?

e. Oxford Street.

2. The capital of Canada is...:

- a. Montreal.
- b. Toronto.
- c. Quebec.
- d. Vancouver.
- e. Ottawa.

3. We all went ... the cinema last night:

- a. In.
- b. To.
- c. At.
- d. From.
- e. During.

4. There is a nice picture ... the wall:

- a. At.
- b. in.
- c. On.
- d. For.
- e. To.

5. We have bought a lot of flowers ... our teacher:

- a. At.
- b. in.
- c. On.
- d. Of.
- e. For.

6. She lives ... Karaganda:

- a. On.
- b. At.
- c. To.
- d. In.
- e. For.

7. Happy birthday ... you:

- A) For
- B) To
- C) In
- D) On
- E) At

## **АБРАИМОВА ЕРКЕЖАН МУРАТКАНОВНА**

Абраймов тің мен сабакта пәнненүүзүн арналан лексика-  
рамматикалык, фонетикалык жөнө дилектикалык көсимиң митеринатор  
(ағылшын тің) пайд бөлгөттүп айсташып көмекиң күрән. «А.С.Пушкин  
жынысы» ора жекең КММ. ШКО. Үлан аудына Сынър аудына. Оқынеш:  
«Zhazdem». ВУ РВО-2019 ж., -60 бет.

Төрөл 7.01.2019, берилген 18.02.2019, көн 80-жылдык  
Ойнады 60-жылдык, көңіл көз 80-жылдык. Солисек бөлгөттүп Шыргы  
6-жылдык, 5-жылдык, 5-жылдык. Тапташылған № 899, «Zhazdem»  
бөлгөттүп шыргы